

## **P40**

### **How Adequate is the Diabetes Care Received by People with New Ulceration?**

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**Aims:** To assess the previous delivery of care of diabetes in those patients referred with new foot ulceration to a secondary care multidisciplinary diabetes foot clinic and to assess their knowledge of foot care.

#### **Results:**

Demographics.

**125 patients with diabetes were studied, of whom 105 (84%) had type 2 diabetes,**

18 (14%) had type 1 diabetes and 2(2%) had secondary diabetes

36 (28%) had been diagnosed with diabetes for less than 5 years.

24 (19%) were of South Asian origin.

83 (66%) had been receiving structured diabetes care before referral

41 (32%) had had a previous foot ulcer

#### **Diabetes-Related Risk factors and complications**

31 (25%) were current smokers.

85 (68%) were being treated for hypertension.

63 (50%) were taking a statin

78 (62%) were taking antiplatelet therapy

117 (94%) had had an HbA1c performed within the last 12 months

Of whom 81 (69%) had an HbA1c of greater than 7%

82 (66%) had had a microalbumin estimation in last 12 months

Of whom 34 (41%) were positive

120 (96%) had had a serum creatinine performed in last 12 months

Of whom 30 (25%) had a serum creatinine >150micromol/L

14 (11%) Patients from this cohort have subsequently died

#### **Foot care knowledge**

56 (44%) remembered having been given any footcare education

#### **Discussion:**

This audit demonstrates the fact that the population of patients in the diabetic foot clinic are at high risk of other complications of diabetes and are frequently not well managed with respect to these.